

58 BC

India Chronologists

The Vikrama era (58 BC) is said in the Jain book (Kālakācāyakhā) to have been founded after the victory of King Vikramāditya over the Sakas. But some scholars credit the Scytho-Parthian ruler AZES with the foundation of this era.

58BC

Caesar defeated the Helvetii
killing over 150,000. Survivors
were permitted to resume their
pastoral and agricultural
pursuits.

He next defeated Ariovistus
a German prince.

58-50 BC

Caesar Conquered Gaul

58-51 Bc

Caesar conquered Gaul

58 BC

by Caesar

Caesar went to Gaul

3 major tribes: BELGIANS; AQUITANIANUS
& GAULS (CELTS).

Helvetians were bravest of the Gauls
They were constantly at war with the
Germans. The leader of the Helvetians died &
the tribe wishing independence from
Rome attempted a march through the
PROVINCE. They tried to force their way

across the Rhone, the Romans with their
organized phalanx and superior discipline
destroyed the Helvetian's Army. The barbarians
could not withstand the Pike and Artillery
of the Roman legions. The Helvetians fled and attempted
to find safety in neighboring villages, but
the vastly depleted Army was captured
and returned to their territory. Chiefs
of the other tribes thanked Caesar for vanquishing
the Helvetians and asked for protection against
the German Segimarian who under
ARIOVISTUS had moved into Gaul

58 → 49 BC

Caesar was away from Rome for 10 yrs. conquering Gaul and extending the Roman power as far as Germany

During Caesar's absence Pompey secured again the position of Consul for himself. He became leader of the Aristocratic Party while

Caesar still remained loyal to
the democratic party

583c

Batts against nemates.

58 B2

Baths of Lugdunum

58 BC

Caesar defeated the Helvetians
at BILBRIDE

AND the SUBI at MULHOUSE.

58 BC (Autumn)

Battle

Victory over ARIOVIST

near Vaulhouse in Alsace
against the ~~Sugones~~ Suevi.
Caesar overthrew the Suevi.
Then Caesar stationed troops between
the SAÔNE and upper RHÔNE

There was a fifteen day jubilation,

58 BC

1912 Dates J-BK

(? - 647 BC) AULUS GABINIUS

A Roman Politician. Tribune of the Plebs (66 BC). Passed the famous

~~GABIAN~~ GABINIAN law which gave POMPEY command of the war against the Pirates. Praetor (61 BC), Consul (58 BC). Supported the banishment of Cicero. Proconsul in Syria (57 BC).

Invaded Egypt and set PTOLEMY AULETES on the throne of Egypt against the command.

of the Senate (55 BC). On his return to
Rome, though defended by Cicero, he was
banished. Recalled by Caesar (49 BC).
Died in Illyricum

58 BC

1912 Dates J-BK

In Rome, SCAURUS built a
theater to accommodate
30,000 spectators